

December 5, 2022

VIA ELECTRONIC FILING

Public Service Commission of Utah Heber M. Wells Building, 4th Floor 160 East 300 South Salt Lake City, UT 84114

Attention: Gary Widerburg

Commission Administrator

Re: Docket No. 22-035-01

Rocky Mountain Power's Application for Approval of the 2022 Energy Balancing Account

Account

Rocky Mountain Power's Surrebuttal Testimony

In accordance with the Scheduling Order and Notice of Hearings issued by the Utah Public Service Commission ("Commission") on April 6, 2022, PacifiCorp, d.b.a. Rocky Mountain Power, hereby submits for electronic filing its surrebuttal testimony in the above referenced matter.

The Company's surrebuttal testimony filing includes the surrebuttal testimony of Mr. Jack Painter and the Confidential surrebuttal testimonies of Messrs. Brad Richards and Craig M. Eller on behalf of the Company. Information is provided subject to Public Service Commission of Utah Rule 746-1-602 and 746-1-603.

Informal inquiries may be directed to Jana Saba at (801) 220-2823.

Sincerely,

Joelle Steward

Senior Vice President, Regulation and Customer & Community Solutions

cc: Service List Docket No. 22-035-01

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Docket No. 22-035-01

I hereby certify that on December 5, 2022, a true and correct copy of the foregoing was served by electronic mail to the following:

Utah Office of Consumer Services

Michele Beck
Alyson Anderson
Bela Vastag
Alex Ware

mbeck@utah.gov
akanderson@utah.gov
bvastag@utah.gov
aware@utah.gov

ocs@utah.gov

Division of Public Utilities

Madison Galt <u>madison.galt@utah.gov</u>

dpudatarequest@utah.gov

Assistant Attorney General

Patricia Schmid <u>pschmid@agutah.gov</u>
Robert Moore <u>rmoore@agutah.gov</u>

Utah Association of Energy Users

Phillip J. Russell prussell@jdrslaw.com
Kevin Higgins khiggins@energystrat.com
Neal Townsend ntownsend@energystrat.com
Millicent Pichardo mpichardo@energystrat.com

Rocky Mountain Power

Data Request Response Center <u>datarequest@pacificorp.com</u>

Jana Saba <u>jana.saba@pacificorp.com</u>

utahdockets@pacificorp.com

Ajay Kumar Ajay.kumar@pacificorp.com

Santiago Gutierrez

Coordinator, Regulatory Operations

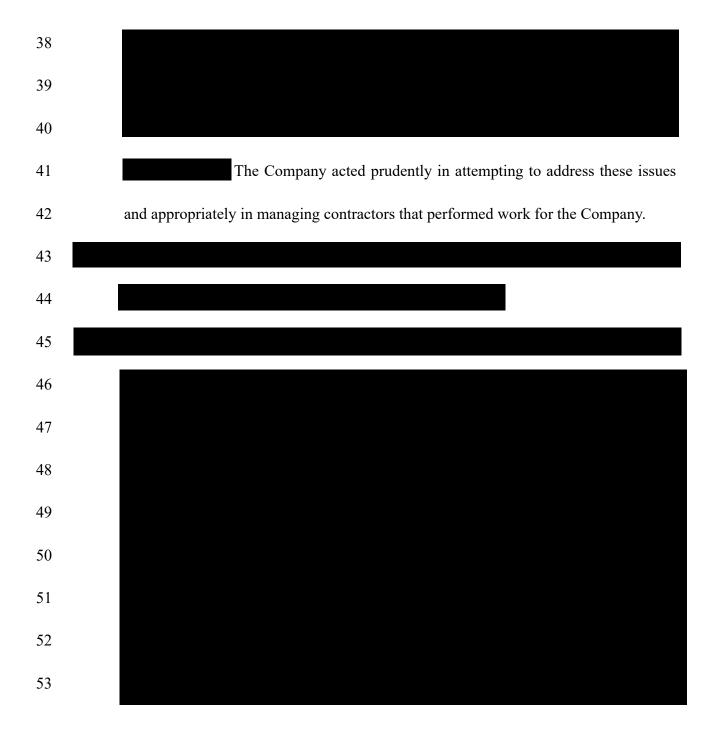
	nen A CTEN
	REDACTED
	Rocky Mountain Power
	Docket No. 22-035-01
	Witness: Brad Richards
	BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
	OF THE STATE OF UTAH
	ROCKY MOUNTAIN POWER
	REDACTED
	Surrebuttal Testimony of Brad Richards
	Sufficultial Testimony of Drad Richards
	December 2022
II	

1	Q.	Are you the same Brad Richards who previously filed response testimony in this
2		proceeding on behalf of PacifiCorp, d.b.a. Rocky Mountain Power
3		("the Company")?
4	A.	Yes.
5		PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY
6	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony in this case?
7	A.	My testimony responds to the rebuttal testimony of Mr. Philip DiDomenico and Mr
8		Dan F. Koehler of Daymark Energy Advisors, Inc. ("Daymark") who submitted rebutta
9		testimony on behalf of the Division of Public Utilities ("DPU" or "Division").
10	Q.	To which issues raised by Daymark in its rebuttal testimony do you respond?
11	A.	My testimony addresses the rebuttal arguments put forth by Daymark in support of their
12		recommendations contained in DPU Confidential Exhibit 2.0 R to disallow recovery of
13		replacement power costs related to six separate outages that occurred at the Company's
14		thermal generation plants in 2021.
15	Q.	Do any of Daymark's rebuttal arguments change the Company's position that
16		these adjustments are not warranted?
17	A.	No. As described in further detail in my testimony, the Company has acted prudently
18		and diligently with respect to its plant operations.

19 BLUNDELL UNIT 1 (September 15, 2021) 20 O. Daymark contends that Rocky Mountain Power should have pursued legal action 21 against the contractor (Reliable Turbine). What is your response to Daymark's 22 rebuttal testimony? Daymark implies that the valve failure could clearly be attributed to the work 23 A. 24 performed earlier in the year by Reliable Turbine, and 25 However, determining the cause 26 of the cracks in the valve is not as clear cut as Daymark claims. An inspection 27 performed on the failed valve by a different contractor, Bay Valve Service, revealed 28 internal cracks in the body of the valve. These cracks were one of the reasons that the 29 valve could not be rebuilt or repaired and required a full replacement. There is no way 30 to definitively prove that these cracks had been caused by the valve rebuild. It is 31 certainly possible that the internal cracks had formed after the spring overhaul as a 32 natural result of use and age or had even begun forming internally prior the spring 33 overhaul but were not yet visible. 34 35 The Company 36 had made this decision months prior to the valve failure. 37

¹ Exhibit DPU 2.0R, Confidential Rebuttal Testimony of Philip DiDomenico and Dan F. Koehler at 5:53-59 (Nov. 18, 2022).

Page 3 – Surrebuttal Testimony of Brad Richards



54	Q.	Why is it difficult for the Company to include provisions in its contracts that allow
55		the Company to seek reimbursement from contractors for replacement power
56		costs in the event of contractor error leading to a failure?
57	A.	In most situations, including a provision in the Company's contracts that requires
58		contractors to cover replacement power costs, would add a significant amount of risk
59		from the contractor's perspective. For this reason, contracts in the industry almost
60		always contain language that restricts these kinds of damages from being recovered
61		As such, if the Company insisted on including a provision allowing recovery or
62		replacement power costs, vendors would respond to this increased risk exposure in one
63		of two ways. They would either reflect the higher risk through significantly higher
64		prices for the parts and services rendered under the contract, or they would simply
65		refuse to enter into a contract with the Company.
66		Craig Unit 1 (July 25, 2021)
67	Q.	Please describe and respond to Daymark's rebuttal testimony addressing the
68		Craig Unit 1 outage.
69	A.	In its rebuttal testimony, Daymark acknowledged that the Root Cause Analysis
70		("RCA") listed increased load cycling as a potential cause of the failed expansion
71		bellows, but dismisses this conclusion as "highly speculative." While the RCA was

completed by the Company's partner, the plant operator, the Company believes that it

is a reasonable assumption that increased cycling would accelerate wear of the bellows

72

in question, just as more frequent starting and stopping would affect many other mechanical and electrical components in thermal generating units.

A.

The Company reiterates that the failed bellows had the correct dimensions, thickness, and number of convolutions, and had been custom manufactured by a vendor based on the physical dimensions of the component it was replacing at that time. A later investigation informed by the assessment of a component that had already been in service for 7 years determined that this specific bellows should have included a clamp that limits horizontal expansion.

Q. What is your response to Daymark's argument regarding this outage?

The Company maintains that it was prudent in properly vetting the project scope of the overhaul plan in 2014. When a component failed after 7 years, the plant conducted an appropriate root cause analysis and gathered evidence that facilitated the replacement of a component with an improved design to better accommodate the new demands of the plant. Therefore, the Commission should reject Daymark's proposed adjustment.

Q.

A.

- 90 Ignition of coal dust in this area that caused the fire at the Dave Johnston Unit 1
 91 was not foreseeable or expected and that the Company prudently conducts routine
 92 wash downs and housekeeping to mitigate the accumulation of coal dust
 93 throughout the plant.
- A. Daymark continues to argue that the outage could have been avoided if the Company
 had proactively installed cable tray covers.
 - Why is the addition of cable tray covers not a simple solution that could have mitigated the risk of coal dust buildup as suggested by Daymark?
 - There are thousands of square feet of cable trays within each coal plant. Covers were not installed over the cable trays throughout the entire unit, and the Company did not have had a way to predict exactly where the cable tray covers were needed before the event occurred. As such, to implement the DPU solution, the Company would have had to install cable tray covers throughout the unit, which is not a justifiable or reasonable position. Moreover, even if the Company could have predicted the location of enhanced fire risk, cable tray covers may or may not have been effective at preventing the fire due to the inaccessibility of the area and the fact that cable tray covers do not completely solve the issue of coal dust build-up in the cable trays. Coal dust can still build up even where cable trays are installed. Adding covers to the cable

108 trays in the plant would not have been as simple as Daymark contends. Daymark is 109 using hindsight to imply causation from mitigation measure that was installed after the 110 event (when the Company had located an area of increased fire risk), and that is an 111 unreasonable standard. What is your response to Daymark's conclusion? 112 Q. 113 The Company refutes Daymark's assertion that broad installation of cable tray covers A. 114 should have been installed and that such covers would be a simple solution to coal dust 115 buildup. The Company maintains that this event was a rare unforeseen occurrence and 116 that was addressed promptly and efficiently and was therefore prudent. Dave Johnston Unit 2 (April 12, 2021) 117

119 outage which resulted from intermittent oil leakage from a turbine bearing? 120 In its rebuttal testimony Daymark acknowledges the various measures taken by the A. 121 Company to address the Unit 2 turbine bearing oil leakage prior to this outage. 122 However, Daymark suggests that these efforts should not be considered proactive because they were ultimately "insufficient to prevent the outage and fire."²

What does Daymark conclude regarding the Dave Johnston Unit 2 April 12, 2021,

What is your response to this conclusion? Q.

Daymark is incorrect in their assumption that prior efforts by the Company to address 125 Α. the turbine bearing were done without the aid of subject matter expertise. The measures 126

118

123

124

Q.

Page 8 – Surrebuttal Testimony of Brad Richards

² Exhibit DPU 2.0 R at 8:117-118.

employed in these efforts were conceived and executed in consultation with subject matter experts. Prior to the outage, the Company had taken multiple steps that were part of an iterative process to address this issue to identify a solution. The Company's actions were not reactive as Daymark claims. Rather, the Company attempted to proactively address the issue, eliminating options that were unsuccessful in solving the problem. This is another instance of Daymark using hindsight to criticize the Company's reasonable efforts to address a problem. However, the Company's actions were appropriate, prudent, and proactive and Daymark's proposed adjustment should be dismissed.

Dave Johnston Unit 3 (May 17, 2021)

- Q. What is your response to Daymark's rebuttal testimony regarding the Dave

 Johnston Unit 3 outage?
- A. Daymark mischaracterizes the Company's approach as "run to failure." The Company does not have a broad "run to failure" policy or approach for all plant equipment.

 Decisions about when to replace, repair, or do nothing with specific equipment are made on an individual basis. In the case of this feedwater heater, the Company decided to utilize the remaining useful life. The Company reasonably relied on its experience and judgement to inform its decisions as to when to replace, repair or continue to use equipment. It would not be in the best interest of customers for the Company to

Page 9 – Surrebuttal Testimony of Brad Richards

³ Exhibit DPU 2.0 R at 9:128-130.

automatically replace equipment simply because of its age. The Company's decision to use the remaining life of the feedwater heater was not imprudent simply because it later failed.

Lake Side 1 (November 15, 2021)

Q. How did Daymark respond to your response testimony regarding the Lake Side 1 outage on November 15, 2021?

Daymark continues to argue that in cases of human error, the Company should automatically be held responsible because appropriate checks and balances and oversight can be put in place to prevent human error. Daymark states they believe the Company does not see a problem that needs to be addressed.

Q. How do you respond to Daymark's allegations?

A.

Daymark's allegation is not substantiated by the record. The Company investigated this incident as a significant event, and the results were documented and shared with the rest of the fleet using the Significant Event Reporting process ("SER"). The Company recognizes that there was a human error made by an experienced technician, the source of this failure was addressed with the technician and the management team, and the incident was communicated to other relevant personnel. The Commission has acknowledged that human errors occur and has balanced that against the actions taken to resolve the issue and prevent occurrences from occurring in the future.⁴

Page 10 – Surrebuttal Testimony of Brad Richards

⁴ Application of Rocky Mountain Power to Increase the Deferred EBA Rate through the Energy Balancing Account Mechanism, Docket No. 18-025-01, Order at 16 (Mar. 12, 2019).

The Company has a robust Human Performance program which is regularly reviewed. The circumstances of this particular outage were reviewed with the technician team at the Lake Side plant to create awareness and prevent future occurrences. Adding ever increasing layers of oversight and supervision is not a realistic solution to prevent all human error. This does not mean the Company is not vigilantly addressing and minimizing human error through efforts such as its Human Performance program.

OUTAGE DOCUMENTATION

- Q. In their initial report, Daymark expressed interest in how lessons learned are disseminated across the fleet. Can you please explain?
- 174 For certain events, the Company uses a process. This process is used to catalog event A. 175 details, background information, root cause analyses, mitigation or resolving measures 176 taken, and potential impacts outside of the immediately affected units. These reports 177 are then disseminated across the fleet for review by each plant wherein plant 178 management and staff will determine whether the impacts are likely applicable to any 179 of the units within those other plants, and what actions, if any, should be taken. It is 180 important to recognize that the generating units in the PacifiCorp fleet are not 181 homogonous, and that the significant differences in equipment, age, geographic 182 location, and operating profile means that impacts and subsequent lessons experienced 183 at one unit, often do not apply to another unit, even despite certain similarities.
 - Q. Daymark also suggests that planned outage extensions should be documented in effectively the same way as the SERs. How do you respond?
 - A. A planned outage extension occurs when the actual duration of a Planned Outage exceeds the originally anticipated duration. Unlike a forced outage, which occurs with

165

166

167

168

169

170

171

172

173

184

185

186

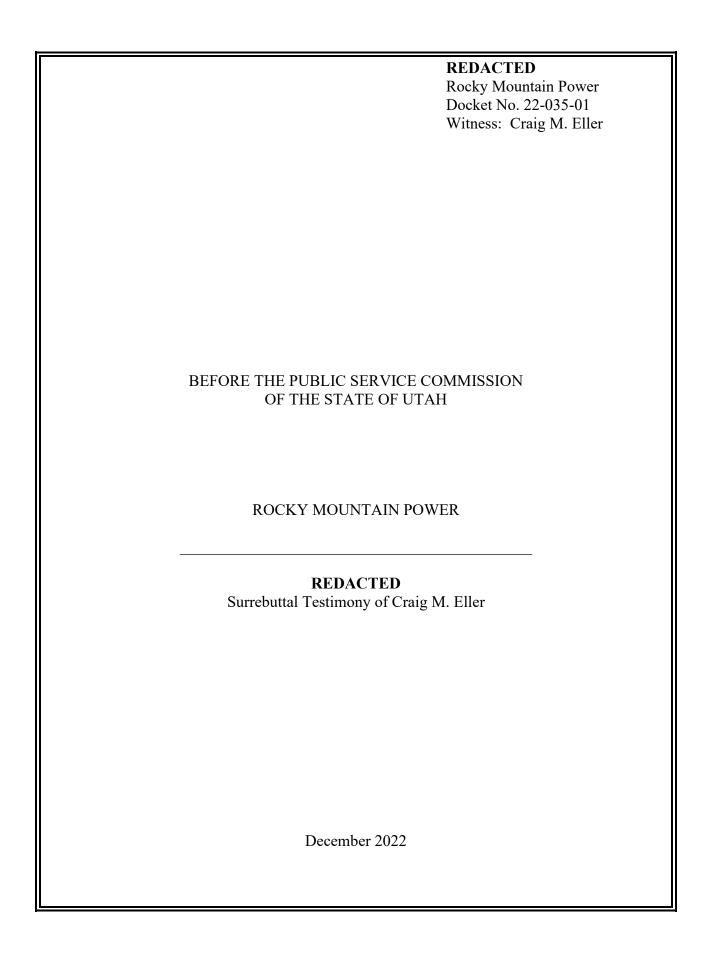
little warning, it is not uncommon for a plant to determine that the planned outage will require additional time in the early stages of the outage. Required extensions are communicated to and coordinated with the energy supply team in advance, facilitating them to make the proper arrangements. Additionally, planned outages are scheduled during periods of the year best suited to system and market needs.

The SER process has been designed, in part, for events which lack predictability in their causes and timing and are generally attributed to an equipment failure or

their causes and timing and are generally attributed to an equipment failure or restriction. For any planned extension, the Company can provide information about the specific factors which necessitated the extension, however, due to the significant differences between SER qualified events and planned events, the Company does not use the SER format for planned outages or planned extensions.

CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION

- Q. What is your recommendation to the Commission?
- A. I recommend that the Commission reject the recommended disallowances for the six thermal outages addressed above. My testimony demonstrates the Company was prudent in its actions.
- 204 Q. Does this conclude your testimony?
- 205 A. Yes.



1	Q.	Are you the same Craig M. Eller who previously filed response and rebuttal
2		testimony in this proceeding on behalf of PacifiCorp, d.b.a. Rocky Mountain
3		Power ("the Company")?
4	A.	Yes.
5		PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY
6	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony in this case?
7	A.	My testimony responds to the rebuttal testimony of Mr. DiDomenico and Mr. Koehler
8		("Daymark") who jointly submitted testimony on behalf of the Division of Public
9		Utilities ("DPU"). I respond to their concerns that insufficient information has been
10		provided regarding the TB Flats and Aeolus substation outage and that litigation may
11		delay the availability of that information. ¹
12		RESPONSE TO DPU
13	Q.	Can you please summarize the efforts that the Company has taken to provide
14		Energy Balancing Account ("EBA") parties with more information in this
15		proceeding about the Aeolus Substation outage?
16	A.	Yes, it is my understanding that, as this issue was raised with Rocky Mountain Power
17		through discovery in this proceeding, the Company scheduled a meeting with parties
18		on October 7, 2022. While I did not attend that meeting,
19		
20		TI
		The
21		Company followed up on this meeting by providing additional explanation in my

¹ Exhibit DPU 2.0R, Confidential Rebuttal Testimony of Philip DiDomenico and Dan F. Koehler at 11-12:187-204 (Nov. 18, 2022).

23		detailed analysis on the cause of the outage in my rebuttal testimony. At this point,
24		Rocky Mountain Power has provided significant information about the cause of the
25		outage.
26	Q.	The DPU contends that "the Company still has not demonstrated prudence" with
27		regards to this outage. ² Do you agree?
28	A.	No. While the DPU did not have a chance to review the latest round of testimony and
29		the investigation report filed by the Company on November 18, 2022, prior to filing its
30		rebuttal testimony on the same date, Rocky Mountain Power has repeatedly provided
31		information regarding the cause of the outage and demonstrated that the Company
32		acted prudently in retaining third-party contractors to design and construct the
33		substation, and to verify that the work was performed according to design. The
34		Company also demonstrated that it acted prudently in operating the substation.
35		PacifiCorp has provided significantly more testimony and information on this outage
36		than in any of the Company's other jurisdictions.
37	Q.	The DPU also contends that the Company "
38		³ How do you respond?
39	A.	First, I would like to clarify that the Company is
40		
41		As noted in my response testimony, Rocky Mountain Power
42		
43		

Page 2 – Surrebuttal Testimony of Craig M. Eller

Exhibit DPU 2.0R at 12:197.
 Exhibit DPU 2.0R at 12:197-198.

44

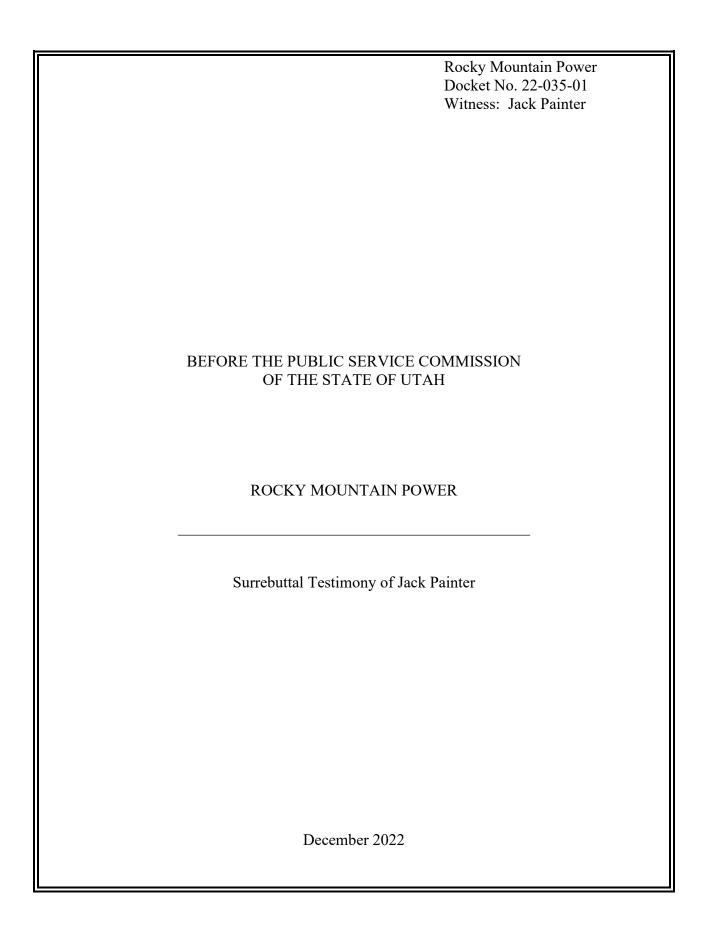
As I noted above, the

Company has provided significant information, including a thorough investigation report on this event, which is similar to the level of detail that is typically provided for other generation outages. That report demonstrates that the Company did not act imprudently. Therefore, there is substantial information in the record to resolve this issue now before the Commission.

Q. What is your recommendation to the Commission?

- A. I recommend that the Commission reject the DPU's adjustments regarding the Aeolus substation fire, and allow for recovery of the replacement power costs associated with this event. Considering the on-going nature of the discussions with Hitachi and Burns & McDonnell, the Company has diligently shared information with parties through the course of this proceeding that demonstrates that the Company was prudent in its actions.
- Q. Does this conclude your surrebuttal testimony?
- 63 A. Yes.

⁴ Confidential Exhibit RMP (CME-1R), Response Testimony of Craig M. Eller at 4:79-81 (Oct. 21, 2022).



1	Q.	Please state your name, business address and present position with PacifiCorp,
2		d.b.a. Rocky Mountain Power ("the Company").
3	A.	My name is Jack Painter, and my business address is 825 NE Multnomah Street, Suite
4		600, Portland, Oregon 97232. My title is Net Power Cost Specialist.
5	Q.	Are you the same Jack Painter who submitted direct testimony, response
6		testimony, and rebuttal testimony on behalf of the Company in this proceeding?
7	A.	Yes.
8		PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY
9	Q.	What is the purpose of your response testimony?
10	A.	My testimony responds to the replacement power cost calculation that Daymark Energy
11		Advisors ("Daymark") submitted on behalf of the Utah Division of Public Utilities
12		("DPU") in their rebuttal testimony. Specifically, I discuss how the dollar per
13		megawatt-hour ("\$/MWh") costs were calculated associated with the Aeolus substation
14		outage event presented by Daymark in their rebuttal testimony. My testimony also
15		addresses the DPU's rebuttal testimony regarding certain new fees in the EBA and
16		responds to a recommendation regarding documentation for wind and hydro outage
17		events.
18	Q.	Are any other Company witnesses filing testimony in response to issues raised
19		Daymark?
20	A.	Yes. Company witnesses Messrs. Brad Richards and Craig M. Eller provide testimony
21		in response to the DPU and Daymark. Mr. Richards surrebuttal testimony responds to
22		Daymark's proposed adjustment associated with six thermal generation outages. Mr.
23		Eller addresses Daymark's rebuttal testimony regarding the Aeolus substation outage

24 event. 25 After considering the rebuttal testimony offered by the DPU and Daymark, does 0. 26 the Company adopt any of the adjustments proposed by the DPU related to the 27 thermal generation or Aeolus substation outages? 28 No. Messrs. Richards and Eller will respond to the prudence arguments raised by the A. 29 DPU and Daymark. My testimony discusses the replacement power cost calculation 30 specific to the Aeolus event and discusses the appropriate calculation of the impact on 31 the energy balancing account ("EBA"). AEOLUS SUBSTATION EVENT REPACEMENT POWER COSTS 32 Can you please summarize the adjustments to the EBA that are proposed by the Q. 33 parties with respect to the Aeolus substation outage? 34 A. Yes. The Office of Consumer Services ("OCS") proposed an adjustment in direct 35 testimony to reduce the Company's request in the case by approximately \$7.5 million 36 to account for replacement power costs and missed production tax credits ("PTCs") 37 associated with the event. The OCS states that they obtained that number from the 38 Company through discovery. In rebuttal testimony, the DPU stated they recalculated 39 the impact to be \$13,320,314, not including the impact of missed PTCs, which they 40 propose be reflected as an adjustment to the EBA. 41 Q. Does the Company agree that any adjustment should be made to the EBA related 42 to this outage. 43 No. Company witness Mr. Craig Eller responds to Daymark's proposed adjustments Α. 44 and demonstrates that the Company's actions were prudent. For that reason, no

adjustment should be made to the Company's position concerning the recovery of

- replacement power for the Aeolus fire.
- Q. If the Commission determines an adjustment is warranted, what is the appropriate calculation for replacement power and lost PTCs?
- A. After reviewing the DPU's testimony, the Company has further refined the \$7.5 million adjustment cited by the OCS, as discussed later in my testimony. Once corrected, the total impact of the event to the EBA is \$4.9 million, instead of the original \$7.5 million proposed by the OCS.
- O. Does the Company agree with DPU's calculation of the replacement power costs?
- 54 A. No.
- 55 Q. Why is the DPU's adjustment incorrect?
- 56 A. The Aeolus substation event was a transmission outage. The methodology DPU uses is 57 reasonable for a stand-alone generation outage, but not for a transmission outage. In 58 the calculation, Daymark changed the cost of the MWh from actual costs to market 59 prices at the Mid-Columbia and Four Corners trading hubs. However, a longer period 60 transmission outage is different from a stand-alone generation outage because it 61 impacts multiple generating facilities on the Company's system and scheduling paths. 62 By simply using the market prices, the DPU assumes the entire outage was replaced by 63 market purchases, which was not the case. The overall impact to the Company's system 64 and amount of MWh impacted by the transmission outage did not result in the 65 Company replacing the entirety of the lost MWh through market purchases for the duration of the substation outage, nor would this action have been prudent. 66

67	Q.	Please describe the replacement power cost calculation that the Company
68		provided in a data response in this proceeding that was used by the OCS in their
69		direct testimony?
70	A.	The Company provided an estimate of replacement power costs in response to a data
71		request by the Utah Association of Energy Users ("UAE") in this proceeding. The
72		calculation provided showed an estimated impact of the Aeolus substation outage or
73		the Company's system. First, the lost amount of MWh that were not able to be
74		scheduled to JBSN ("Jim Bridger") and WyoCentral ("Wyoming Central") scheduling
75		points were calculated through the backdown of both coal and wind generating
76		facilities in eastern Wyoming. Second, the MWh were multiplied by the cost of the loss
77		opportunity at JBSN and WyoCentral. JBSN was calculated as the actual cost of JBSN
78		generation and WyoCentral was calculated as the actual cost of the gas generating
79		facilities in the Company's east balancing authority. Both of these costs were used in
80		the calculation because they were greater than the actual cost of the Dave Johnston
81		Wyodak, and wind generating facilities that were impacted by the Aeolus substation
82		outage, but less than market purchases.
83	Q.	How is this calculation different than the replacement power cost calculation used
84		by the DPU?
85	A.	The calculation differs because the Company applied actual net power costs ("NPC")

The calculation differs because the Company applied actual net power costs ("NPC") for JBSN and gas generating facilities for the re-dispatch of the Company's system instead of using average monthly market prices at either the Mid-Columbia or Four Corners trading hub.

86

87

- Q. Please describe the impact of Daymark's proposed calculation for replacement
 power costs due to the Aeolus Event.
- 91 A. Daymark recommends reducing NPC from the EBA by \$29.7 million on a total
 92 Company basis or \$13.3 million on a Utah allocated basis associated with the Aeolus
 93 substation outage because it claims the Company acted imprudently. These amounts do
 94 not include the impacts of lost PTCs or interest.
- 95 Q. Please describe how the Company revised its replacement power cost calculation 96 for the Aeolus substation outage since its original response in a data request to 97 UAE?
 - A. In the Company's original response, the replacement power costs for the Aeolus substation outage were calculated to be \$14.4 million on a total Company basis. After review of Daymark's proposed update to the Company's original calculation, the Company identified two items that needed to be corrected in its original calculation. First, the original calculation used a cost estimate for natural gas generation of the Company's owned PacifiCorp East ("PACE") gas generating facilities at the time of the outage of \$40 \$/MWh instead of the actual cost. Additionally, the calculation also used a cost estimate of \$17/MWh for JBSN, \$13/MWh for Wyodak, and \$10/MWh for Dave Johnston. The Company has now updated the original cost estimates with the actual cost of generation to reflect Actual NPC from the Company's initial application in this EBA filing. Second, the original calculation included PTC impacts of \$34/MWh on a grossed-up basis for the curtailed wind generation even though the impact to PTCs were accounted for separately in the original calculation and therefore being double counted. The Company's revised calculation removes this double-counting.

- 112 Q. Did the Company supplement its original data request response for these two corrections?
- 114 A. Yes. The Company supplemented its original data request response with the updated 115 replacement power cost calculations and corrections.
- Q. What are the updated replacement power costs provided by the Company in itssupplemental response?
- 118 A. Table 1 below shows the replacement power costs calculation for the Aeolus
 119 substation outage that the Company originally provided, the DPU proposed update,
 120 and the Company's supplemental update. The updated replacement power costs for
 121 the Aeolus substation outage are \$8.6 million on a total Company basis or \$3.9
 122 million on a Utah allocated basis, not including interest.

	Table 1 -	Recalculated R	eplacement Pow	er Costs	
RMP Original		Daymark Re-calculated		RMP Re-calculated	
Total	Utah Allocated	Total	Utah Allocated	Total	Utah Allocated
\$14,426,999	\$ 6,450,614	\$29,730,853	\$ 13,320,314	\$8,615,692	\$ 3,855,344

124

Q. Did the Company review Daymark's calculation for lost PTCs?

Yes. Although the Company does not agree with the adjustment, the Company agrees with the calculation methodology used by Daymark of \$2,048,282 on a total Company gross-up basis or \$913,060 on a Utah allocated gross-up basis for the lost PTCs.

128		EIM BOSR AND WPP WRAP FEES
129	Q.	Did the DPU adopt UAE's recommendation that the EIM BOSR and WPP WRAP
130		fees be removed from the EBA recovery?
131	A.	Yes. Mr. Smith adopts UAE's proposed adjustment, stating that allowing recovery of
132		the fees in the EBA would erode the boundaries of the EBA.
133	Q.	How do you respond?
134	A.	The benefits of these fees are more fully discussed in my rebuttal testimony, but the
135		Company disagrees that inclusion of the fees would erode the boundaries of the EBA.
136		The fees are directly related to the benefits from the EIM that are included in the EBA,
137		which produce a significant benefit to customers.
138		DOCUMENTATION FOR RENEWABLE OUTAGES
139	Q.	What did Daymark recommend with respect to documentation related to outages
140		from renewable generation assets?
141	A.	Daymark requests that the Company standardize the reporting for outages that occur at
142		the Company's wind and hydro generation assets.
143	Q.	What does the Company propose with respect to this recommendation?
144	A.	The Company proposes that the DPU's documentation request be discussed at an
145		informal meeting with the DPU to best identify the process and documentation that will
146		be responsive and helpful. The Company commits to working with the DPU
147		collaboratively on this topic prior to the filing of the next EBA.
148		CONCLUSION
149	Q.	What is your recommendation to the Commission?
150	A.	The Company requests the Commission approve the Company's request to recover

- \$90,427,325, which has been updated from the Company's initial filing and included
 in previously filed response testimony.
- 153 Q. Does this conclude your surrebuttal testimony?
- 154 A. Yes.