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Rocky Mountain Power Docket No. 20-035-04 Witness: Robert Van Engelenhoven

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF UTAH

ROCKY MOUNTAIN POWER

REDACTED

Rebuttal Testimony of Robert Van Engelenhoven

October 2020

Q. Are you the same Robert Van Engelenhoven that filed direct testimony on behalf
 of PacifiCorp d/b/a Rocky Mountain Power ("Rocky Mountain Power" or
 the "Company") in this proceeding?

- 4 A. Yes.
- 5

I. PURPOSE OF REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

6 Q. What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony?

A. The purpose of my testimony is two-fold. First, I provide a construction update
regarding the Pryor Mountain Wind Project. Second, I respond to the testimony of
Division of Public Utilities ("DPU") witness Dr. Joni S. Zenger and Office of
Consumer Services ("OCS") witness Mr. Philip Hayet regarding the Pryor Mountain
Wind Project.

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II. PRYOR MOUNTAIN WIND PROJECT

13 Q. What is the current construction status of the Pryor Mountain Wind Project?

14 A. The Company has received notices from most suppliers and contractors providing 15 materials or service for the Pryor Mountain Wind Project, in which they generally 16 claim delays due to disruption to the global supply chain caused by the COVID-19 17 pandemic. PacifiCorp also continues to review the information provided by suppliers 18 and contractors as the situation with the pandemic continues to evolve. Our primary 19 focus has been to ensure the safety of the workers at the site by following the 20 guidelines established by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention to control 21 the spread of the COVID-19 virus. To date we have had no confirmed cases of the 22 COVID-19 virus within the workforce at the Pryor Mountain Wind Project.

Page 1 - Rebuttal Testimony of Robert Van Engelenhoven

23 The wind turbine components supplier, Vestas-American Wind Technology, 24 Inc. ("Vestas"), has provided notice of delayed deliveries of all wind turbine components due to the force majeure event. Wind turbine component delivery has 25 26 been a particularly dynamic situation. In July 2020, some of the supply and 27 transportation issues started to stabilize and Vestas provided a schedule indicating 28 that deliveries would be completed the week of November 23, 2020. This represented 29 a six-week delay and pushed the construction of the project well into the high-wind, 30 winter period. To work safely, wind turbine construction cannot take place with wind 31 speeds over 25 miles per hour, thus limiting the time available to work due to 32 increased daily wind speeds starting late in September. The Company negotiated a 33 change order with Vestas to adjust the schedule to complete the wind turbine 34 component deliveries by the week of November 2, 2020. This revised schedule has been forwarded to the balance of plant ("BOP") contractor so that they can update 35 36 their costs and schedule. The Company continues to negotiate the revised costs and 37 schedule with the BOP contractor, with an objective to economically place in-service 38 as many of the wind turbines as possible in 2020. The plan in development includes 39 utilizing wind turbine pre-commissioning by the wind turbine supplier and placing 40 the project's 12 collector circuits in-service circuit by circuit instead of all at one 41 time. Through this effort the Company is forecasting that circuits 1-8 (160 megawatts 42 ("MW")) can be placed in-service in 2020, and circuits 9-12 (80 MW) can be placed 43 in-service by the end of the second quarter 2021. The actual megawatts placed in-44 service in 2020 and 2021 are contingent on the weather conditions. Placing the 45 project in-service on a circuit by circuit basis, when transmission service is available,

Page 2 - Rebuttal Testimony of Robert Van Engelenhoven

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46 allows production tax credits ("PTCs") and energy from the project to flow to 47 customers as soon as possible. The Company continues to work with suppliers and 48 contractors to develop and revise costs and schedules to complete the construction of 49 the Pryor Mountain project within the delays and uncertainties presented by the 50 COVID-19 pandemic.

51 Q. Have the delays and uncertainties presented by the COVID-19 pandemic 52 impacted the overall costs of the project?

53 Yes. The overall cost of the project has increased from a projected cost of A. 54 , at the time of filing my direct testimony, to a current projected cost of 55 The scheduled completion has shifted from having 240 MW in 56 service at the end of 2020, to having 160 MW in service by the end of 2020 and the 57 remaining 80 MW in service by June 30, 2021. The full value of the PTCs have been 58 preserved but the timing of the full benefit to customers for the final 80 MW has 59 delayed to June 2021. The impact of the updated costs is included in the revenue 60 requirement as discussed by Company witness Mr. Steven R. McDougal in his 61 rebuttal testimony.

Q. Have the delays and uncertainties presented by the COVID-19 pandemic impacted the customer benefits you presented in your direct testimony in this proceeding?

A. No, only the timing. The full value of the PTC's, RECs, and customer benefits have
been preserved; however, with 160 MW being placed in service in 2020, and the
remaining 80 MW being placed in service by June 30, 2021, the timing for receiving
the full benefits of the project has been altered. As discussed by Company witness

Page 3 - Rebuttal Testimony of Robert Van Engelenhoven

Mr. Rick T. Link, even with the increased costs and delayed benefits, the project still
 delivers significant benefits to customers, is prudent, and benefits Utah customers.

Q. Please summarize the recommendation of DPU witness Dr. Zenger with respect to the Pryor Mountain project?

73 Dr. Zenger recommends the Commission reject the Company's request for recovery A. 74 of Pryor Mountain at this time, a recommendation she states she may change upon 75 evaluating additional economic analysis. Mr. Link addresses her economic benefits 76 recommendations in his rebuttal testimony. Dr. Zenger also claims that the Company 77 circumvented Integrated Resource Plan regulatory processes and mentions several 78 examples of risks she claims could affect the ability of the project to qualify for full 79 PTCs. Mr. Link addresses Dr. Zenger's claim regarding the regulatory process and I 80 address her concerns about impacts on the project from delays.

Q. Do you agree with Dr. Zenger that any type of delay that affects the December 31, 2020 deadline to qualify for full value of the PTCs is a risk of the Pryor Mountain Wind Project?¹

A. No. The Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") issued revised guidance regarding the
commercial operation date of projects qualifying for PTCs. Specifically, in
May 2020, the Continuity Safe Harbor was extended to five calendar years for
projects that began construction in 2016 or 2017.² Pryor Mountain has a 2016 start of
construction date. Accordingly, the continuity requirement will be met if the project is
placed in-service by December 31, 2021, and the project will qualify for 100 percent
PTCs. As I explained above, about 67 percent of the project is forecasted to be placed

¹ Direct Testimony of Joni S. Zenger at 17 (DPU Exhibit 8.0 DIR).

² Internal Revenue Service Notice 2020-41 (May 27, 2020). See, https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-drop/n-20-41.pdf.

91 in-service by December 31, 2020 with the remainder of the project to be place in92 service by the end of the second quarter 2021. Thus, the project continues to qualify
93 for 100 percent PTCs under IRS guidance until December 31, 2021.

94 Q. Dr. Zenger specifically identifies risks such as inclement weather, construction
95 delays and labor shortages. Given the fact that some of these risks have actually
96 been realized to some extent due to the COVID-19 pandemic, how do you
97 respond to Dr. Zenger's claims that risks, such as these, should be not be "on the
98 backs of Utah customers"³?

99 I disagree that weather, construction, and labor risks have been shifted to Utah A. 100 customers. As I explained above, the Company has been working with its supplier 101 and construction contractors to mitigate the impacts of the delays that have been 102 attributed to the COVID-19 pandemic. The Company has worked diligently to 103 minimize the impacts on costs and construction as a result of the delays that were 104 beyond its control. As a result, the Company forecasts that circuits 1 through 8 of the 105 project will be placed in-service by the end of 2020 and circuits 9 through 12 will be 106 in-service by the end of the second quarter 2021. Based upon the revised guidance 107 from the IRS, the Pryor Mountain Wind Project continues to qualify for 100 percent 108 PTCs.

109 Q. Please summarize the recommendation of OCS witness Mr. Philip Hayet with 110 respect to the Pryor Mountain project?

A. OCS witness Mr. Hayet asserts that the Company's acquisition and its use of
disparate types of wind turbine generators ("WTGs") acquired from Berkshire
Hathaway Energy Renewables ("BHER") appears to have been negotiated so BHER

Page 5 - Rebuttal Testimony of Robert Van Engelenhoven

³ Direct Testimony of Joni S. Zenger at 360.

114 could use its and the Company's remaining WTG equipment stocks before the PTCs
115 started phasing out and before BHER and the Company's pre-purchased inventory of
116 WTGs started losing value.^{4 5}

117 **Q.**

). How do you respond?

118 I disagree with Mr. Hayet's unsupported assertion. PacifiCorp will receive Vestas A. 119 V110 2.0-2.2 MW wind turbine components (specifically nacelles and hubs) from 120 BHER. This transaction was contemplated due to the limited availability and pricing 121 volatility of turbine equipment in the market in 2019 as a result of high demand and 122 limited supply of equipment that could be installed in 2020 to qualify for the full 123 value of available federal wind energy PTCs, and the late-stage development and 124 time-limited nature of the Pryor Mountain Wind Project. The market of available 125 wind turbines was further constrained by the equipment available to erect the wind 126 turbines. The class of large cranes required to erect higher capacity wind turbines 127 were not available, limiting the selection of turbines that could be constructed at the 128 Pryor Mountain Wind Project to certain turbines. PacifiCorp's economic analysis for 129 the project included utilizing the BHER turbine components at the costs included in 130 the Purchase and Sale Agreement with BHER's wholly-owned subsidiary, BHE 131 Wind, LLC, and found the Pryor Mountain Wind Project provided significant customer benefits. PacifiCorp secured the benefits of the project for customers by 132 133 acquiring the components from BHER and avoided equipment supply limitations, 134 construction issues, and price volatility. As PacifiCorp was planning for the Pryor

⁴ Direct Testimony of Philip Hayet at 24-25 (Witness OCS – 4D).

⁵ *Miscellaneous Correspondence and Reports Regarding Electric Utility Services:* 2020, Docket No. 20-99-02, Redacted PacifiCorp's Notice of Affiliate Transaction with BHE Wind, LLC, Safe Harbor PTC Components (July 2, 2020).

135 Mountain Wind Project, PacifiCorp was also in the process of procuring numerous 136 other turbines for the Energy Vision 2020 projects and the Foote Creek I repowering project. Based on PacifiCorp's experience in bidding those projects, the Company 137 138 observed price volatility and there were concerns regarding the ability of suppliers to 139 meet the overall market demand and supply turbines for the entire project in a 140 timeframe that would achieve commercial operation before January 1, 2021, as required to achieve full PTC benefits.⁶ PacifiCorp had an opportunity to acquire 141 142 components that were already manufactured and in storage from BHER at cost, which 143 was the competitive market price at their time of purchase in 2016.

144 Thus, contrary to Mr. Hayet's assertion, the Company engaged in the 145 transaction with BHER due to the limited availability and pricing volatility of turbine 146 equipment in the market in 2019 and the transaction allowed it to ensure the 147 qualification of the full value of available federal wind energy PTCs.

148 Q. Does this conclude your rebuttal testimony?

149 A. Yes.

⁶ In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Internal Revenue Service recently issued Notice 2020-41 that provides a one-year extension of the continuity safe harbor, thus allowing wind energy facilities that began construction in 2016 to qualify for the full value of PTCs if placed in service before January 1, 2022.