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	Rocky Mountain Power
	Docket No. 17-035-39
	Witness: Timothy J. Hemstreet
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BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE CO	
OF THE STATE OF UTAI	H
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ROCKY MOUNTAIN POW	EK
	
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REDACTED Supplemental Direct Testimony of Timot	hy I Hamstroot
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February 2018	

1		SUPPLEMENTAL DIRECT TESTIMONY OF TIMOTHY J. HEMSTREET
2	Q.	Are you the same Timothy J. Hemstreet who previously provided testimony in this
3		case on behalf of PacifiCorp dba Rocky Mountain Power (the "Company")?
4	A.	Yes.
5		PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF SUPPLEMENTAL DIRECT TESTIMONY
6	Q.	What is the purpose of your supplemental direct testimony in this proceeding?
7	A.	My supplemental direct testimony provides the latest technical and commercial
8		information on the Company's wind repowering project. This update includes
9		developments since the Company's rebuttal filing in October 2017, and surrebuttal
10		filing in November 2017.
11	Q.	What are the key issues you address in your supplemental direct testimony?
12	A.	I provide an update on the following key issues:
13		• Changes in turbine specifications due to the completion of the technical review of
14		all facilities that are proposed to be repowered;
15		· Changes in project costs and energy benefits as a result of the completion of
16		technical design and foundation review for all of the facilities, and now-known
17		transmission capacity increases;
18		• The status of project permitting and the contracting process the Company has
19		undertaken for installation of turbines to be supplied by Vestas-American Wind
20		Technology, Inc. ("Vestas") to facilitate the repowering project; and
21		• Updated safe harbor cost sensitivity analysis and schedule for the repowering
22		project.

23 Q. Please summarize your testimony.

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24 Since rebuttal and surrebuttal testimony were filed in the fall of 2017, the Company A. 25 has observed continued reduction in wind repowering project risks and uncertainties as 26 the technical studies conclude and contracting progresses. The Company has a) updated 27 its energy production estimates to reflect recent project-specific changes and additional 28 available data, with only a small net change in production; b) confirmed the need and 29 scope of required facility retrofits, with project costs remaining within 1.6 percent of 30 estimates included in my rebuttal testimony; and c) completed significant permitting 31 requirements for 11 of the 12 facilities. Despite the delay in the original procedural 32 schedule in this case, the Company remains confident that it can qualify for the production tax credits ("PTCs"), and deliver the repowering project on-time at or below 33 34 the cost estimates included here. Even after accounting for recent changes to the federal 35 income tax rates, the customer benefits resulting from the repowering project remain 36 robust and the Company remains on track to deliver these benefits to customers.

UPDATE ON COST AND PERFORMANCE

- Q. Have there been any changes to the Company's estimates of run-rate capital expenditures for the repowering or status quo cases as compared to the rebuttal filing?
- 41 A. No. The Company's estimates of run-rate capital expenditures for both cases are unchanged.
- 43 Q. Have there been any changes in the Company's operations and maintenance cost 44 assumptions since the time of your rebuttal testimony?
 - A. No. There have been no changes in operations and maintenance cost assumptions and

46		costs for the status quo case remain unchanged. However, the energy estimates for
47		certain facilities have changed, as described later in my testimony. The operations and
48		maintenance costs for the repowering case have adjusted slightly for those facilities as
49		a result of changed land lease payments that are tied to energy production.
50	Q.	Have there been any changes to turbine specifications for the wind facilities since
51		your previous testimony?
52	A.	Yes. The specified turbine for the Leaning Juniper facility has changed
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55	Q.	Why was this change made?
56	A.	As site-specific climactic conditions and design loads for this project site were
57		evaluated and developed, the turbine supplier made the change to ensure the turbine
58		loading is within the allowable load limits of the existing towers and foundations at the
59		project site.
60	Q.	Does the reduction in nameplate capacity of the specified turbine type impact the
61		amount of energy expected from this repowered facility?
62	A.	Yes. The reduction in nameplate capacity reduces the estimated generation increase of
63		the repowered facility from 30.0 percent to 27.0 percent—a three percent reduction.
64	Q.	Has this reduction in energy been factored into the Company's economic analysis
65		for this facility?
66	A.	Yes. The economic analysis of Company witness Mr. Rick T. Link accounts for the
67		updated generation expected for the Leaning Juniper facility.

Q.	Does the change in turbine type for the Leaning Juniper facility impact the cost of
	repowering that facility?
A.	Yes. The change in turbine specification has also resulted in revised pricing from the
	turbine supplier that has lowered the costs for turbine supply at this project.
Q.	Are there any other changes to the estimated energy output from the repowering
	project, as compared to the estimates in your previous testimony?
A.	Yes. When my prior testimony was filed, only one year of historical data was available
	to estimate the energy increases for the Glenrock I, Glenrock III, and Rolling Hills
	facilities. Since then, the Company has been able to evaluate additional years of data
	for these facilities and complete further analysis. The Company's estimated energy
	increase for these facilities is now based on four years of historic data, consistent with
	the methodology and data history used for all the other facilities.
Q.	Has this changed the energy production estimates for the Glenrock I, Glenrock
	III, and Rolling Hills facilities?
A.	Yes, slightly. The estimated energy production for the Glenrock I, Glenrock III, and
	Rolling Hills facilities decreased by 1.1 percent, 0.5 percent, and 0.3 percent,
	respectively. These changes in the energy production estimates are shown in
	Confidential Exhibit RMP(TJH-1SD). These changes have also been factored into
	the Company's economic analysis presented in Mr. Link's supplemental direct
	testimony.
Q.	Are there any other changes in the energy production estimates included in this
	supplemental direct filing?
	A. Q. A. A.

91		to the point where the Company is now confident that an interconnection agreement
92		can be executed with the Company's transmission function that will allow the
93		repowered Marengo facilities to deliver their full repowered energy capability to
94		customers. This results in a 1.0 percent and 2.2 percent increase in the estimated energy
95		production from the Marengo I and Marengo II facilities, respectively. The Company's
96		economic analysis includes this increased energy production.
97	Q.	What is the net change in estimated energy production for the repowering project
98		given decreases at Glenrock I, Glenrock II, Rolling Hills, and Leaning Juniper,
99		and increases at Marengo I and Marengo II?
100	A.	There is only a small net change. In my previous testimony, I estimated an energy
101		production increase of 25.9 percent for the repowering project; my current estimate is
102		an energy production increase of 25.7 percent.
103	Q.	Have the costs for the required transmission system modifications for the
104		Marengo facilities been factored into the financial analysis?
105	A.	Yes. The costs for the required transmission system modifications needed to
106		interconnect this additional capacitywhich the transmission studies have estimated at
107		\$180,000are now included in the cost estimates for the Marengo facilities included in
108		this supplemental direct filing.
109	Q.	Does the Company now know whether the transmission interconnection
110		agreements at the other facilities can be modified to increase the amount of energy
111		that can be delivered from those facilities?
112	A.	No. Transmission studies have not yet advanced at the Wyoming wind facilities to the
113		point where the Company knows whether this additional capacity will be available for

114		these facilities. For this reason, the Company's economic analysis still shows the
115		Wyoming projects operating under their current interconnection agreement limits.
116		Finally, the Company does not anticipate additional transmission capacity will be
117		available for the Leaning Juniper and Goodnoe Hills facilities due to transmission
118		constraints.
119	Q.	Has the Company now completed an evaluation of the foundations at all wind
120		repowering sites and confirmed that the foundations are suitable for the new
121		turbines?
122	A.	Yes. Since my prior testimony was filed, site-specific turbine design and foundation
123		analyses have now been completed for the Goodnoe Hills and Leaning Juniper
124		facilities. When my prior testimony was filed, site-specific foundation load
125		specifications for these facilities were not yet available and the Company had not yet
126		verified that the foundations at these facilities were suitable for the specified
127		repowering turbines. Black & Veatch, Inc., has now evaluated the foundations at the
128		Leaning Juniper and Goodnoe Hills facilities and determined that the foundations will
129		be suitable for the repowered turbines following a standard retrofit that will add
130		strength to these foundations. This strengthening will allow the foundations to resist
131		the loads of the larger turbines for an additional 30-year service life following
132		repowering, similar to all the other facilities previously evaluated.
133	Q.	Was the cost of these foundation retrofits previously included in the Company's

Q. Was the cost of these foundation retrofits previously included in the Company's cost estimates for the Leaning Juniper and Goodnoe Hills facilities?

A. No. The cost was not included because we did not know the retrofits would be necessary. The Company has now included the estimated cost of these foundation

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	retrofits into the costs for these repowered facilities, which have been evaluated in the
	project-by-project economic analysis described in the testimony of Mr. Link. Changes
	in project costs as compared to those in my prior testimony are also shown in
	Confidential Exhibit RMP(TJH-1SD). The only material cost changes are
	associated with the Marengo facilities, for increased interconnection agreements and
	updated installation costs, and Leaning Juniper and Goodnoe Hills, reflecting the costs
	of foundation retrofits and updated turbine installation costs. In addition, the reduction
	in turbine supply costs for Leaning Juniper offsets the cost increases for this facility.
Q.	How much have project costs increased as compared to costs included in your
	prior testimony?
A.	Project costs have increased by \$17.6 million—or approximately 1.6 percent—to \$1.10
A.	Project costs have increased by \$17.6 million—or approximately 1.6 percent—to \$1.10 billion for the Company's base repowering scenario which assumes transmission
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A.	billion for the Company's base repowering scenario which assumes transmission
A.	billion for the Company's base repowering scenario which assumes transmission interconnection agreements in Wyoming are not modified. The Company continues to
A.	billion for the Company's base repowering scenario which assumes transmission interconnection agreements in Wyoming are not modified. The Company continues to expect \$36 million in project upgrade costs to allow the Wyoming facilities to deliver
A.	billion for the Company's base repowering scenario which assumes transmission interconnection agreements in Wyoming are not modified. The Company continues to expect \$36 million in project upgrade costs to allow the Wyoming facilities to deliver additional energy under modified interconnection agreements, for a total cost of \$1.137

Q. Given the increased costs for the projects that will employ Vestas turbines (*i.e.*, Leaning Juniper, Goodnoe Hills, Marengo I, and Marengo II), is the Company still confident that it will have sufficient safe harbor wind turbine generator equipment purchased in 2016 to satisfy the five percent safe harbor requirement and qualify the projects for 100 percent of the value of the PTCs?

A. Yes. As a result of the increased costs of repowering the Goodnoe Hills facility due to the necessary foundation retrofit, the Company has changed its allocation of safe harbor nacelles to increase the number of nacelles for the Goodnoe Hills facility. This will allow all wind facilities to maintain an adequate safe harbor percentage so that project costs that are not yet contractually fixed could escalate 65 percent or more with the facilities still having sufficient safe harbor equipment. Table 1 below shows the cost overrun sensitivity of the various facilities, similar to that provided in my rebuttal testimony, and demonstrates that all facilities have adequate safe harbor equipment. As discussed in my rebuttal testimony, the Company also has access to additional Vestas safe harbor equipment from Berkshire Hathaway Energy of the same type as the safe harbor nacelles purchased for the repowering project in December 2016. If necessary, the Company can supplement the safe harbor equipment in order to ensure there is adequate safe harbor equipment to qualify for 100 percent PTCs.

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174 Cost Overrun Sensitivity of Repowering Facilities to Meet Five Percent Safe Harbor

Wind Project	Total Project Cost Applicable to Five Percent Safe Harbor	Current Safe Harbor Percentage (%)	Cost that are Fixed with Turbine Suppliers (\$000s)	Turbine Supplier Fixed Costs (%)	Costs Not Yet Contractually Fixed (\$000s)	Amount that Non- Fixed Costs Can Increase and Meet 5% Safe Harbor (%)
						5300%
						5200%
						4800%
						4400%
						4000%
						3450%
						3450%
						3300%
						175%
						110%
						100%
						65%

UPDATE ON PERMITTING AND CONTRACT STATUS

- Q. Since the Company's rebuttal filing, has progress been made on permitting for the Company's repowering project?
- 178 A. Yes. Since the Company filed rebuttal testimony, Klickitat County, Washington has
 179 determined that no additional permitting through its Planning Department is necessary
 180 for the Company's proposed repowering of the Goodnoe Hills facility. With this
 181 approval, 11 of the 12 facilities have been approved by the relevant county or Industrial
 182 Siting Division. The Company does not anticipate any issues with obtaining the
 183 remainder of any necessary permits and authorizations.

184	Q.	In your October 2017 rebuttal testimony, you noted the Company had not
185		executed a contract for the installation services for facilities employing Vestas
186		turbines. (Hemstreet Rebuttal, lines 95-106.) What is the status of that process?
187	A.	The Company issued a request for proposals in early December 2017 and received
188		qualified bids for installation of Vestas turbines from several wind energy construction
189		contractors in mid-January 2018. The Company is still evaluating these proposals to
190		determine which proposal provides the best value to customers.
191	Q.	Has the Company factored the information gained from the responsive bids into
192		its cost estimates for constructing the facilities employing Vestas turbines?
193	A.	Yes, the Company's cost estimates have been updated to reflect cost information gained
194		through the competitive bid process for installation, foundation retrofits (where
195		necessary), and other site construction services that will be provided by the successful
196		wind energy contractor.
197	Q.	When factoring in cost information from the competitive bids for installation and
198		foundation retrofit work (where necessary) for the Vestas projects, did the
199		Company simply take the costs from the lowest bid and incorporate that into the
200		Company's cost estimates?
201	A.	No. Because the Company has not yet fully evaluated the bids or completed
202		negotiations with the bidders, the Company did not simply rely on the lowest bid
203		submitted to develop its revised cost estimates. Instead, the Company excluded the low
204		bid in the event it was non-responsive and used pricing reflective of the average of the
205		next three lowest cost proposals. For this reason, I am confident that these construction
206		services can be contracted at pricing equal to or better than the pricing included in the

Q. When does the Company anticipate having the construction contract Vestas turbines completed?	for the
Vestas turbines completed?	
210 A. The Company expects to have a fully negotiated construction contract	with the
successful bidder completed by the end of March 2018.	
Q. Given the delay in the schedule of this proceeding to allow recent tax law	changes
213 to be factored into the Company's economic analysis, do you foresee schedu	ule risks
214 that may now impact the ability of the repowering project to be constructed	ed in the
215 timeframe originally described in your direct testimony?	
A. No. The Company continues to work with its turbine suppliers—General Elec	tric, Inc.
217 and Vestas—to ensure timely delivery of the repowering project while accomm	nodating
the delay in this proceeding. At this time, the construction schedule for the	projects,
which shows completion of all facilities in 2019 except Dunlap, remains ac	hievable
given the anticipated timing for the Commission's final order on the Co	mpany's
request. An updated project schedule for the repowering project is incl	luded in
Confidential Exhibit RMP(TJH-2SD).	
Q. With the recent tax law changes, are you aware of any provisions th	at have
changed the ability of the facilities to qualify for the full value of F	PTCs as
described in your direct and rebuttal testimony?	
226 A. No. As more fully described by Company witness Ms. Nikki L. Kobliha, the re	ecent tax
law changes have not impacted the ability of the repowering project to qualif	y for the
full value of PTCs under Internal Revenue Service guidance (including the saf	fe harbor
requirements or the 80/20 rule).	

- 230 Q. Does this conclude your supplemental direct testimony?
- 231 A. Yes.