
ELECTRIC SERVICE REGULATION NO. 2

STATE OF IDAHO

General Definitions

The following terms when used in this Tariff and in the application or agreement for electric service shall have the meanings given below unless clearly indicated otherwise:

Advance Payment: As referred to in Regulation 9, a payment made prior to receiving service that will be credited to the customer's account.

Applicant: A person or agency requesting the Company to supply electric service.

Billing Period or Billing Month: An interval of approximately thirty days between successive meter reading dates.

Commission: Idaho Public Utilities Commission.

Company: PacifiCorp dba Rocky Mountain Power.

Company's Operating Convenience: The use, under certain circumstances, of facilities or practices not ordinarily employed which contribute to the overall efficiency of Company's operations.

Contract Administration Allowance: An allowance provided for customers who waive their right to refunds on a line extension advance.

Customer: An individual, partnership, corporation, organization, governmental agency, municipality or other entity contracting with the Company for electric service.

Date of Issuance: The date the Company mails, transmits or delivers a bill to the Customer.

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Demand: The rate in kilowatts at which electric energy is delivered by the Company to Customer at a given instant or averaged over any designated period of time.

Deposit: Any payment held as security for future payment or performance.

Duplicate Service Facilities: Two services, one duplicating part of, or all of the capacity of the other.

Emergency Service: Service used only in emergency situations or to test emergency equipment.

Energy: Electric energy measured in kilowatt-hours (kWh).

Highly Fluctuating Loads: Loads having high demands of short duration or having an abnormal effect on voltage requiring that the Company provide additional or excess investment in transformers, service or other facilities.

Kilovar (kvar): A unit of reactive power equal to 1,000 reactive volt-amperes.

Kilovar-hour (kvarh): The amount of reactive energy delivered in one hour at a constant rate of one kilovar.

Kilowatt (kW): A unit of real power equal to 1,000 watts.

Kilowatt-hour (kWh): The amount of real energy delivered in one hour at a constant rate of one kilowatt.

Paralleling: Connection by a Customer of any source of electric power directly or indirectly to the Company's system.

Point of Delivery: The point, unless otherwise specified by the Company, at which the Company's service wires are connected with wires or apparatus of the Customer.

Power: Electric power measured in kilowatts (kW).

Power Factor: The percentage determined by dividing the Customer's average power use in kilowatts by the average kilovolt-ampere power load imposed upon the Company by the Customer times 100.

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Premises: All of the real property and apparatus employed in a single enterprise on an integral parcel of land undivided by a dedicated street, highway or other public thoroughfare, or railway.

Reconnection of Service: The reestablishment of electric service to the same Customer at the same location.

Remote Service: Service to distant or isolated locations which, in the Company's opinion, will not have sufficient annual Schedule Billings to cover the Company's annual incurred costs. A distant location is any location, or group of locations, more than one-half mile from the Company's existing distribution facilities. An isolated location is one where additional development is unlikely due to geographical constraints, and may be less than one-half mile from existing distribution facilities.

Residential Service: Service furnished to Customers for (1) domestic purposes in single-family dwelling units; (2) apartments where each dwelling unit is separately metered and billed; and (3) combined family dwelling units and rooming houses where not more than four rooms are used for sleeping or living quarters by persons not members of the Customer's family. Dwellings where tenancy is typically less than 30 days in length, such as hotels, motels, camps, lodges and clubs, do not qualify for Residential Service.

Schedule Billing: The total of charges for service, including minimums, computed in accordance with the Company's applicable electric service schedule.

Seasonal Service: Service for annually recurring periods of use where service is discontinued or curtailed during part of the year.

Service: As used herein, usually refers to the availability of electric power and energy at the point of delivery for use by the Customer irrespective of whether power or energy is actually utilized. The word "Service" may also be used to refer to the wires between the Company's supply and the Customer's entrance conductors.

Single Phasing: A three-phase motor continuing to operate as a single-phase motor when one of the three supply lines serving the motor is interrupted resulting in higher than normal current which may damage the motor.

Standby or Back-up Service: Service supplied by the Company to the Customer, during an outage of Customer's generation, to replace power and energy ordinarily generated by Customer.

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Temporary Service: Service requested for a limited period of time or of questionable duration such as, but not limited to, service for construction power, seasonal sales lots, carnivals, rock crushers or paving plants. Temporary service does not include emergency, breakdown or standby service.

Termination of Service: The disconnection of electric service to a given Customer at a given location.

Tract or Subdivision: An area for dwelling which may be identified by filed subdivision plats or as an area in which a group of dwellings may be constructed about the same time, either by a single builder or by several builders working on a coordinated basis.

Transfer of Service: The providing of electric service to the same Customer at a different location or to a different Customer at the same location, as the facts of the situation may require.

Unimproved Subdivision: A platted subdivision where the electrical distribution system was not installed by the developer.

Year: The period between the date of commencement of service under the application for electric service, electric service agreement or contract and the same date of the following calendar year.